## LEGISLATIVE SERVICES AGENCY OFFICE OF FISCAL AND MANAGEMENT ANALYSIS

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## FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

**LS 6995 NOTE PREPARED:** Dec 29, 2010

BILL NUMBER: HB 1516 BILL AMENDED:

**SUBJECT:** Lake County property tax.

FIRST AUTHOR: Rep. VanDenburgh BILL STATUS: As Introduced

FIRST SPONSOR:

FUNDS AFFECTED: GENERAL IMPACT: Local

DEDICATED FEDERAL

<u>Summary of Legislation:</u> This bill eliminates a provision that provides that the Lake County assessed value growth quotient for determining a maximum property tax levy for a particular year is one unless Lake County imposes a 1% local option income tax (LOIT) for property tax relief for that calendar year.

**Effective Date:** Upon passage.

**Explanation of State Expenditures:** 

**Explanation of State Revenues:** 

**Explanation of Local Expenditures:** 

**Explanation of Local Revenues:** Under current law, civil taxing units in Lake County cannot increase property tax levies for funds that are subject to the maximum levy limitation because the county has not adopted a local option income tax at a 1% rate. Under this bill, beginning with taxes payable in 2012, civil unit levy limits would grow by the statewide levy growth factor.

Assuming that all taxing units would impose their maximum levies, the total levy for all units in the county would increase by an estimated \$11.2 M in 2012, \$22.7 M in 2013, and \$32.9 M in 2014, as compared to current law. The county average tax rate per \$100 of AV would increase by an estimated \$0.0509 in 2012, \$0.0977 in 2013, and \$0.1341 in 2014, as compared to current law. The increased tax rates would cause an increase in circuit breaker credits estimated at \$7.5 M in 2012, \$14.0 M in 2013, and \$18.3 M in 2014. The net gain for all taxing units in Lake County is estimated at \$3.7 M in 2012, \$8.8 M in 2013, and \$14.5 M in

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## 2014.

As civil taxing unit levies rise, district tax rates will increase, resulting in additional circuit breaker credits. These additional credits equate to lost tax revenue for all civil taxing units and school corporations. The table below shows an estimate of the additional levy, additional circuit breaker loss, and net change by taxing unit type. Each school corporation would have a net loss, and most civil taxing units with property tax levies would have net gains.

Change in Levies and Circuit Breakers (In Millions)									
	2012			2013			2014		
Unit Type	Levy Incr	Circ Break Incr.	Net Change*	Levy Incr.	Circ Break Incr.	Net Change*	Levy Incr	Circ Break Incr.	Net Change*
Counties	3.0	1.0	2.0	6.1	1.7	4.4	8.9	2.1	6.7
Townships	0.7	0.4	0.2	1.4	0.8	0.5	2.0	1.2	0.8
City/Towns	5.8	3.9	1.9	11.8	7.4	4.5	17.1	9.7	7.4
Schools	0.0	0.9	-0.9	0.0	1.7	-1.7	0.0	2.1	-2.1
Libraries	0.8	0.5	0.3	1.6	0.9	0.7	2.3	1.2	1.1
Special	0.9	0.7	0.2	1.8	1.5	0.4	2.6	2.0	0.6
TIF Repl.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total	11.2	7.5	3.7	22.7	14.0	8.8	32.9	18.3	14.5
* Totals may not add due to rounding.									

## **State Agencies Affected:**

**Local Agencies Affected:** Civil taxing units and school corporations in Lake County.

**Information Sources:** LSA Parcel-level property tax database; Local Government Database, DLGF.

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